LUNDINGOLD

Building a leading Gold Company through responsible mining



Management's Discussion and Analysis Three Months Ended March 31, 2021

(All dollar amounts are stated in U.S. dollars unless otherwise indicated. Tables are expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share amounts)

INTRODUCTION

This Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") of Lundin Gold Inc. and its subsidiary companies (collectively, "Lundin Gold" or the "Company") provides a detailed analysis of the Company's business and compares its financial results for the three months ended March 31, 2021 with those of the same period from the previous year.

This MD&A is dated as of May 12, 2021 and should be read in conjunction with the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements and related notes thereto for the three months ended March 31, 2021, which are prepared in accordance with IAS 34: Interim Financial Statements, and the Company's audited annual consolidated financial statements and related notes thereto, which are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board, and the MD&A for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020. All amounts are in U.S. dollars unless otherwise indicated.

Other continuous disclosure documents, including the Company's press releases, quarterly and annual reports and annual information form, are available through its filings with the securities regulatory authorities in Canada at www.sedar.com.

Lundin Gold, headquartered in Vancouver, Canada, owns 29 metallic mineral concessions and three construction material concessions covering an area of approximately 64,609 hectares in southeast Ecuador, including the Fruta del Norte gold mine ("Fruta del Norte" or "FDN"). Fruta del Norte is comprised of seven concessions covering an area of approximately 5,566 hectares and is located approximately 140 km east-northeast of the City of Loja. Fruta del Norte is one of the highest-grade gold mines in production in the world today.

The Company's board and management team have extensive expertise in mine operations and are dedicated to operating Fruta del Norte responsibly. The Company operates with transparency and in accordance with international best practices. Lundin Gold is committed to delivering value to its shareholders, while simultaneously providing economic and social benefits to impacted communities, fostering a healthy and safe workplace and minimizing the environmental impact. The Company believes that the value created through the operations of Fruta del Norte will benefit its shareholders, the Government and the citizens of Ecuador.

FIRST QUARTER 2021 HIGHLIGHTS AND ACTIVITIES

The first quarter of 2021 marks the first anniversary of the achievement of commercial production at FDN. Since then, notwithstanding the temporary suspension of operations due to the COVID-19 pandemic, operating results have consistently met or exceeded expectations. These excellent results continued during the first quarter of 2021 with production of 104,137 ounces ("oz") of gold and sales of 81,805 oz. at a low cash operating cost¹ of \$672 per oz sold. From this, net revenues, adjusted earnings¹, and cash flow from operations of \$140.0 million, \$37.4 million, and \$75.1 million, respectively, were realized during the quarter. The Company is on track to meet its 2021 guidance of 380,000 to 420,000 oz of gold produced.

The following two tables provide an overview of key operating and financial results achieved during the first quarter of 2021 compared those in the first quarter of 2020.

¹ Refer to "Non-IFRS Measures" section.



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dollars, except share and per share amounts)

(All dollar amounts are stated in U.S. dollars unless otherwise indicated. Tables are expressed in thousands of U.S.

	Three months ended March 31, 2021	Three months ended March 31, 2020 ¹
Tonnes mined	365,471	198,000
Tonnes milled	324,591	244,000
Average head grade (g/t)	11.4	7.9
Average recovery (%)	87.8%	82.8%
Average mill throughput (tpd)	3,607	3,056
Gold ounces produced	104,137	51,320
Gold ounces sold	81,805	59,317

	Three months ended March 31, 2021	Three months ended March 31, 2020
Net revenues (\$'000)	139,991	36,856 ²
Income from mining operations (\$'000)	64,031	10,336 ²
Net income (loss) (\$'000)	85,980	(9,331)
Operating cash flow (\$'000)	75,083	13,836
Average realized gold price (\$/oz sold) ³	1,765	1,564 ²
Cash operating cost (\$/oz sold) ³	672	839 ²
All-in sustaining costs (\$/oz sold) ³	830	908
Operating cash flow per share (\$)3	0.33	0.06
Adjusted net earnings (loss) (\$'000) ³	37,409	(3,399)
Adjusted net earnings (loss) per share (\$) ³	0.16	(0.02)

The difference between net income and adjusted earnings during the first quarter of 2021 is due to non-cash derivative gains of \$51.5 million associated with fair value accounting for the gold prepay and stream facilities. These non-cash items are driven by numerous factors including anticipated forward gold prices and yields. Non-cash derivative gains (or losses) associated with anticipated decreasing (or increasing) forward gold prices are recorded in the statement of operations, while non-cash derivative gains (or losses) associated with increasing (or decreasing) yields are recorded in the statement of other comprehensive income. These non-cash gains or losses are derived from complex valuation modelling and accounting treatment which are explained in more detail later in the MD&A. Revaluation of these obligations may result in considerable period-to-period volatility in the Company's net income, comprehensive income, current and long term liabilities and do not necessarily reflect the amounts that will actually be repaid when the obligations become due.

³ Refer to "Non-IFRS Measures" section.



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¹ The figures presented are for the three months ended March 31, 2020 which include the two-month ramp up period before achieving commercial production.

² Amount relates to the period after achievement of commercial production.

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(All dollar amounts are stated in U.S. dollars unless otherwise indicated. Tables are expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share amounts)

Operating Results During the First Quarter of 2021

- Mine operating performance was in line with expectations with 365,471 tonnes mined, which is consistent with the fourth quarter of 2020.
- Underground mine development also continued as planned with a total of 2,450 metres of development completed with development rates averaging 27.2 metres per day in the first guarter.
- The mill processed 324,591 tonnes of ore at an average throughput of 3,607 tonnes per day.
- The average grade of ore milled was 11.4 grams per tonne with average recovery at 87.8%.
- Gold production was 104,137 oz, comprised of 70,642 oz of concentrate and 33,675 oz of doré.
- The Company sold a total of 81,805 oz of gold, consisting of 49,198 oz of concentrate and 32,607 oz of doré at an average realized gold price¹ of \$1,765 per oz for total gross revenues from gold sales of \$144.4 million. Net of treatment and refining charges, revenues were \$140.0 million. The difference between oz. produced and oz. sold was principally due to mining and processing very high grade ore during the latter part of the first quarter resulting in double the amount of gold inventory at March 31, 2021 compared to December 31, 2020. These ounces produced late in the first quarter were sold subsequent to quarter end.
- Cash operating costs¹ and AISC¹ for the quarter were \$672 and \$830 per oz of gold sold, respectively. Cash operating costs were higher than the previous quarter due to scheduled maintenance at the mill during the quarter. In addition, AISC was affected by higher sustaining capital expenditures which were deferred in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic such as the first raise of the FDN tailings dam as well as the disparity between gold produced and gold sold due to timing as explained above.
- Income from mining operations was \$64.0 million and the Company generated cash flow of \$75.1 million from operations, or \$0.33 per share¹.
- Net income was \$86.0 million, inclusive of derivative gains and after deducting corporate, exploration, finance costs, and associated taxes on earnings. Adjusted earnings¹ for the quarter, which exclude derivative gains, were \$37.4 million, or \$0.16 per share.

Capital Expenditures

South Ventilation Raise

 Work on the South Ventilation Raise ("SVR") is continuing with additional grout filling and drainage holes being drilled. Raise boring is expected to commence and completion of the SVR is anticipated during the third quarter of 2021. The timing of this work does not impact planned production for 2021.

Zamora River bridge

 Construction of the Company's Zamora River bridge is progressing according to plan with installation of the main suspension cables completed as well as the launching platform, from which the bridge platform modules are placed. Completion is expected before the end of the second quarter of 2021.

Expansion Project

The 4,200 tonnes per day ("tpd") expansion project is continuing on schedule and on budget with detailed
engineering and procurement of equipment and materials completed during the quarter. The civil contractor
was mobilized during the quarter and earthworks and civil works have commenced on site.

Sustaining Capital

Sustaining capital during the first quarter of 2021 mainly focused on the first raise of the FDN tailings dam.

¹ Refer to "Non-IFRS Measures" section.



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Health and Safety and Community

Health and Safety

- The health and safety of personnel at site is of paramount importance, and stringent procedures remain in place to minimize the impact of COVID-19 and related variants on the workforce. These procedures include off-site quarantine followed by a Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR) test for all employees and contractors before accessing Fruta del Norte, a second PCR test four days after entering site, mandatory use of masks, health monitoring, physical distancing, and enhanced disinfection and restricted access to common areas.
- During the guarter there was one Lost Time Incident and two Medical Aid Incidents.
- The Total Recordable Incident Rate during the first quarter of 2021 was 0.53 per 200,000 hours worked.

Community

- A connectivity project was launched in order to improve Internet infrastructure in communities surrounding FDN and to provide teachers and children enrolled in local schools with the necessary equipment and training to facilitate online learning in light of local schools continuing to be closed due to the COVID-19 pandemic.
- The Company also continues to support local government and Ministry of Health initiatives relating to the COVID-19 pandemic including donations of medical supplies to local hospitals, disinfection equipment to local authorities, and transportation services for doctors to reach rural areas. Moreover, Lundin Gold also provides essential equipment to frontline workers in the communities surrounding FDN.
- The Company, in partnership with two other mining companies, has committed to purchase and install an
 intensive care unit ("ICU") at the Yantzaza hospital in order to improve intensive care capabilities in the
 Province of Zamora Chinchipe. All required equipment was purchased in the first quarter of 2021 and the ICU
 was inaugurated in April 2021.
- Progress is being made with regards to construction of the public bridge over the Zamora River under the authority of the provincial government to replace the bridge that collapsed during the fourth quarter of 2020. Lundin Gold has provided the funding for this work to date, estimated at \$3.0 million. Lundin Gold has also been supporting the affected communities by assisting with transportation of people and supplies.

Exploration

• The Company's 9,000 metre drilling campaign began at the end of March 2021, with strict COVID-19 protocols in place. The regional exploration program is focused on two high priority targets, Barbasco and Puente-Princesa, to test for mineralization in a geological setting very similar to that of Fruta del Norte. The first hole on the Barbasco target is in progress and a second rig has now begun drilling. Initial results are expected in the third quarter of this year.



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SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY FINANCIAL RESULTS

The Company's quarterly financial statements are reported under IFRS as issued by the IASB as applicable to interim financial reporting. The following table provides highlights from the Company's financial statements of quarterly results for the past eight quarters (unaudited).

		2021 Q1		2020 Q4		2020 Q3		2020 Q2
Revenues	\$	139,991	\$	189,250	\$	118,904	\$	13,146
Income from mining operations	\$	64,031	\$	94,857	\$	62,751	\$	4,442
Derivative gain (loss) for the period	\$	51,523	\$	(90,673)	\$	(18,010)	\$	(25,732)
Net income (loss) for the period	\$	85,980	\$	(1,233)	\$	27,780	\$	(64,374)
Basic income (loss) per share Diluted income (loss) per share	\$ \$	0.37 0.37	\$ \$	(0.01) (0.01)	\$ \$	0.12 0.12	\$ \$	(0.29) (0.29)
Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding Basic Diluted		230,751,034 233,634,540		230,039,327 230,039,327		229,936,873 233,264,544		225,724,679 225,724,679
Additions to property, plant and equipment	\$	12,240	\$	23,307	\$	3,790	\$	9,386
Total assets	\$	1,502,715	\$	1,505,360	\$	1,452,070	\$	1,407,231
Long-term debt	\$	776,881	\$	857,094	\$	808,770	\$	790,285
Working capital	\$	57,571	\$	56,603	\$	31,172	\$	(7,205)
		2020 Q1		2019 Q4		2019 Q3		2019 Q2
Revenues	\$	36,856	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Income from mining operations	\$	10,336	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Derivative loss for the period	\$	(2,569)	\$	(35,120)	\$	(33,723)	\$	(24,745)
Net loss for the period	\$	(9,331)	\$	(40,765)	\$	(39,672)	\$	(30,797)
Basic and diluted loss per share	\$	(0.04)	\$	(0.18)	\$	(0.18)	\$	(0.14)
Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding		224,244,554		223,339,447		222,953,642		222,535,083
Additions to property, plant and equipment	\$	5,347	\$	98,642	\$	109,996	\$	118,520
Total assets	\$	1,403,192	\$	1,408,961	\$	1,344,528	\$	1,343,799
Long-term debt	\$	808,251	\$	878,586	\$	772,526	\$	722,689
Working capital	\$	39,581	\$	32,800	\$	124,586	\$	222,056



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Three months ended March 31, 2021 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2020

The Company generated net income of \$86.0 million during the first quarter of 2021 compared to a net loss of \$9.3 million during the first quarter of 2020. Net income was generated from the recognition of revenues of \$140.0 million and income from mining operations of \$64.0 million as well as a derivative gain of \$51.5 million. This is offset by finance expense of \$12.1 million, income tax expense of \$10.9 million, and other expenses totalling \$6.5 million. During the first quarter of 2020, a net loss of \$9.3 million was generated primarily due to revenues and costs being capitalized until February 2020 when commercial production was achieved as well as costs incurred for the suspension of operations due to COVID-19 near the end of March 2020.

Income from mining operations

During the first quarter of 2021, the Company recognized revenues of \$140.0 million from the sale of 81,805 oz of gold. This is offset by cost of goods sold of \$76.0 million which is comprised of operating expenses of \$46.8 million; royalties of \$8.2 million; and depletion and depreciation of \$21.0 million. During the same period in 2020, revenues of \$36.9 million were recognized from the sale of 24,109 oz of gold during the one month following achievement of commercial production.

Corporate administration

Corporate administration costs were \$4.8 million during the first quarter of 2021 compared to \$9.0 million during the first quarter of 2020. This decrease is mainly attributable to the payment of milestone bonuses of \$2.8 million for the achievement of commercial production to the Company's employees and stock-based compensation of \$1.2 million due to the grant of cash-settled stock-based compensation (restricted share units) during the first quarter of 2020. This is a non-cash cost due to the recognition of a liability at fair value on grant date and subsequent revaluation at March 31, 2020. During the first quarter of 2021, equity-settled stock-based compensation was awarded which results in the amortization of its fair value at grant date over the vesting period rather than immediate recognition of an expense and liability.

Finance expense

Finance expense of \$12.1 million was incurred during the first quarter of 2021 compared to \$4.7 million during the first quarter of 2020. Similar to income from mining operations, only one month of finance expense was recognized during the first quarter of 2020 following the achievement of commercial production. Prior to this, these amounts were capitalized to property, plant, and equipment.

Income taxes

Income taxes of \$10.9 million were accrued during the period which is comprised of current income tax expense of \$8.0 million and deferred income tax expense of \$2.9 million. The deferred income tax expense relates to the derivative loss in other comprehensive income as explained below. Current income tax expense is generated from net income for tax purposes in Ecuador relating to operations at Fruta del Norte. In addition to corporate income taxes in Ecuador which are levied at a rate of 22%, current income tax expense includes an accrual for the portion of profit sharing payable to the Government of Ecuador which is calculated at the rate of 12% of the estimated net income for tax purposes for the quarter. The employee portion of profit sharing payable, calculated at the rate of 3% of net income for tax purposes is considered an employee benefit and is included in operating expenses.

Corporate income taxes accrued to the end of March 31, 2021 are fully offset by tax credits available for use by the Company. Actual profit sharing payable to the Government of Ecuador and the employees will be based on 2021 fiscal results and payable in 2022.



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Derivative gain or loss

Derivative gains and losses in the statement of operations and other comprehensive income are driven by the Company's debt obligations classified as financial liabilities measured at fair value. During the first quarter of 2021, the Company made scheduled principal and interest repayments totaling \$17.0 million under its gold prepay facility and \$7.0 million under its stream facility, based on gold and silver prices at the time of repayment. In addition, a further reduction of these debt obligations on the balance sheet is recognized due to a change in their estimated fair values since December 31, 2020. This variation is recorded as a derivative gain or loss in the statement of operations and other comprehensive income in the applicable period. The fair values calculated under the Company's accounting policies are based on numerous estimates noted below as of the balance sheet date and are, therefore, subject to further future variations until the debt obligations are repaid by the Company.

These balances are valued using Monte Carlo simulation valuation models. The key inputs used by the Monte Carlo simulation include: the gold and silver forward prices, the Company's expectation about long-term gold yields, gold and silver volatility, risk-free rate of return, risk-adjusted discount rate, and production expectations. Relatively small variations in some of these inputs can give rise to significant variations in the fair value of financial liabilities; hence, the large derivative gains and losses recorded in the accounts to date.

Two key drivers of current fair values are forward gold and silver prices and the Company's risk adjusted discount rate:

- The value of future repayments under the gold prepay and stream credit facilities are based on forward gold and silver price estimates at time of repayment. Spot gold prices have decreased since December 31, 2020 and as a result, forward prices have followed suit. This decrease is somewhat offset by a factor for volatility. Overall, this has resulted in a lower estimated fair value of the debt obligations at the current balance sheet date and the recognition of derivative gains in the statement of operations. This does not necessarily reflect the amounts that will actually be repaid when the obligations become due in the future. While significant derivative gains or losses will continue to be recognized at each reporting period, the potentially more significant impact of the same change in forward gold and silver prices on the value of future production and revenue forecasts to be generated during the same periods when the debt obligations will be repaid cannot be recognized because of the inherent uncertainty and risks associated with actually realizing such production and sales.
- The discount rate used to determine the current fair value of future payments under the gold prepay and stream credit facilities is dependent not only on the Company's own weighted average cost of capital, but also on market conditions. These include inflation, economic conditions, both local and industry specific, and other factors outside of the Company's control like the COVID-19 pandemic. During the first quarter of 2021, yields and credit risk have decreased resulting in an increase in the fair value of the gold prepay and stream credit facilities. The increase in fair value due to a change in credit risk must be recorded as a loss in other comprehensive income rather than offsetting the derivative gain in the statement of operations. The tax impact of the derivative loss in other comprehensive income during the first quarter of 2021 must also be recorded. This results in a deferred income tax expense in the statement of operations as an offset to the deferred income tax recovery in other comprehensive income.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

As at March 31, 2021, the Company had cash of \$94.4 million and a working capital balance of \$57.6 million compared to cash of \$79.6 million and a working capital balance of \$56.6 million at December 31, 2020. The change in cash during the first quarter of 2021 was primarily due to cash generated from operating activities of \$75.1 million and proceeds from stock option exercises of \$5.2 million. This is offset by principal and interest repayments under the loan facilities totalling \$52.2 million and cash outflows of \$12.9 million for capital expenditures including costs for remaining initial construction activities, the expansion project, and sustaining capital.



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Trade receivables

The majority of trade receivables represent the value of concentrate sold as at period end for which the funds are not yet received. The decrease in trade receivables as at March 31, 2021 is due to a decreased level of sales near the end of the first quarter of 2021 compared to the year ended December 31, 2020. Consistent with industry standards, these sales have relatively long payment terms and are not fully settled until concentrates are received by the customer and related final assays confirmed, generally two to four months after the export sale occurs. There is no recorded allowance for credit losses. In determining the recoverability of trade receivables, the Company assesses the credit quality of the counterparty, with the concentration of the credit risk limited due to the nature of the counterparties involved and a history of no credit losses.

VAT receivables

VAT paid in Ecuador by the Company after January 1, 2018 will be refunded or applied, based on the level of export sales in any given month, as a credit against other taxes payable. Now that the Company is generating sales, a portion of the VAT recoverable has been reclassified as current assets based on the Company's assessment of the estimated time for processing current VAT claims and forecast future sales.

Advanced royalties

Advance royalties are deductible against future royalties on sales payable to the Government of Ecuador at a rate equal to the lesser of 50% of the actual future royalties payable in a six-month period or 10% of the total advance royalty payment. Now that the Company is generating sales, a portion of the advance royalty payment is classified as current assets.

Inventories

Inventories have increased compared to the balance at December 31, 2020 primarily due to timing of production relative to sales as explained earlier. Gold inventory is recognized in the ore stockpiles and in production inventory, comprised principally of concentrate and doré at site or in transit to port or to the refinery, with a component of gold-in-circuit. The high value of material and supplies, comprised of consumables and spare parts, reflects the Company's assessment of the procurement cycles due to the remoteness of FDN and the increase in delivery times due to the impact of COVID-19 on the global supply chain.

Investment activities

Investment activities during the first quarter of 2021 are comprised principally of costs for remaining initial construction activities, the expansion project, and sustaining capital at FDN.

Liquidity and capital resources

The Company expects to generate strong operating cash flow during 2021 based on its production and AISC guidance. This strong operating cash flow will support debt repayments, regional exploration and underground expansion drilling at FDN, and planned capital expenditures, including the expansion project to increase the mill throughput from 3,500 to 4,200 tonnes per day.



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Monthly payments under the stream facility will be based on 7.75% and 100% of gold and silver ounces sold, respectively, calculated at the current gold and silver prices at the end of each month, less \$400 and \$4 per oz, respectively. Quarterly payments under the gold prepay facility are expected to be based on the current value of 9,775¹ oz of gold at the end of each quarter. Scheduled variable quarterly principal repayments of the senior debt facilities will total \$35.0 million for the remainder of 2021, with lower repayments in the second and third quarter compared to the last quarter of the year. The Company is working towards achieving construction completion, as defined under the senior debt facilities, in 2021. Depending on the timing of this milestone, additional quarterly principal repayments based on 30% of Fruta del Norte's excess cash flow, also a defined term in the senior debt facilities, could also occur. The current portion of long-term debt includes an estimate of additional quarterly principal repayments as a result of reaching completion in 2021. An accelerated reduction in the principal under the senior facilities would reduce the Company's related finance cost going forward.

Notwithstanding forecasting strong cash flows from operations, the Company cannot be certain that an escalation of the COVID-19 pandemic will not have an impact on operations or on the Company's financial position in the future. The Company's continuing operations and the underlying value and recoverability of the amount shown for the mineral interests and property, plant and equipment are ultimately dependent upon the ability of the Company to operate FDN without extended interruptions and on future profitable production.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash, cash equivalents and receivables, which are categorized as financial assets at amortized cost, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities, which are categorized as financial liabilities at amortized cost. The fair value of these financial instruments approximates their carrying values due to the short-term nature of these instruments. In addition, the gold prepay credit facility; stream loan credit facility; and offtake commitment have been classified as financial liabilities measured at fair value. The senior debt facilities have been classified as a financial liability at amortized cost.

The Company's financial instruments are exposed to a variety of financial risks by virtue of its activities.

Currency risk

Lundin Gold is a Canadian company, with foreign operations in Ecuador. Revenues generated and expenditures incurred in Ecuador are primarily denominated in U.S. dollars, as are its loan facilities. However, equity capital, if needed, is typically raised in Canadian dollars. As such, the Company is subject to risk due to fluctuations in the exchange rates of foreign currencies. Although the Company does not enter into derivative financial instruments to manage its exposure, the Company tries to manage this risk by maintaining most of its cash in U.S. dollars.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of a financial loss to the Company if a counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The majority of the Company's cash is held in large financial institutions with a high investment grade rating. The Company is also subject to credit risk associated with its trade receivables. The Company manages this risk by only selling to a small group of reputable customers with strong financial statements.

Interest rate risk

The Company is subject to interest rate risk with respect to the fair value of long-term debt which are accounted for at fair value through profit or loss and on the senior debt facilities for which interest payments are affected by movements to the LIBOR rate.

¹ This parameter increases to 11,500 oz and 13,225 if the gold price during the immediately preceding quarter is less than \$1,436 and less than \$1,062, respectively.



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Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its obligations as they become due. Cash flow forecasting is performed regularly to monitor the Company's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet its operational needs at all times. In addition, management is actively involved in the review, planning and approval of significant expenditures and commitments.

Commodity price risk

The Company is subject to commodity price risk from fluctuations in the market prices of gold and silver. Commodity price risks are affected by many factors that are outside the Company's control including global or regional consumption patterns, the supply of and demand for metals, speculative activities, the availability and costs of substitutes, inflation, and political and economic conditions. The Company has not hedged the price of any commodity at this time.

The fair value of the gold prepay and the stream credit facilities, which is accounted for at fair value through profit or loss, is impacted by fluctuations of commodity prices.

COMMITMENTS

Significant capital expenditures contracted as at March 31, 2021 but not recognized as liabilities are as follows:

	Development costs			
12 months ending March 31, 2022 April 1, 2022 onward	\$ 14,891 -			
Total	\$ 14,891			

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

During the three months ended March 31, 2021 and the year ended December 31, 2020, there were no off-balance sheet transactions. The Company has not entered into any specialized financial arrangements to minimize its currency risk.

OUTSTANDING SHARE DATA

As at the date of this MD&A, there were 231,775,545 common shares issued and outstanding and outstanding warrants to purchase a total of 411,441 common shares. There were also stock options outstanding to purchase a total of 5,331,100 common shares, 327,400 restricted share units with a performance criteria, 85,300 restricted share units settled by issuance of shares, and 19,681 deferred share units.

OUTLOOK

Guidance for 2021 remains unchanged with production of 380,000 to 420,000 oz of gold expected at Fruta del Norte based on an average head grade of 10.4 g/t and average gold recovery of 90%. Of note, production is planned to be lower in the second and third quarters compared to the fourth following completion of the throughput expansion program. AISC guidance for 2021 is also unchanged at between \$770 and \$830 per oz of gold sold, calculated on a basis consistent with prior periods.

Under its sustaining capital activities for 2021, the Company remains on schedule with its planned 10,000 metre drill program targeting conversion and expansion of the Fruta del Norte mineral resource, and completion of the second raise of the FDN tailings dam.



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The following capital project activities, which are still part of the construction scope of Fruta del Norte, are also nearing completion:

- the construction of the Company's bridge over the Zamora River, to be complete by the end of the second quarter of 2021; and
- the SVR, which is anticipated to be completed during the third quarter of 2021.

Engineering, procurement and construction are underway on the expansion program to increase the mill throughput from 3,500 to 4,200 tpd, which is expected to be completed before the end of 2021. The throughput expansion modifications are also expected to improve mill recoveries through the addition of retention time in the flotation process of the plant.

Furthermore, drilling has commenced on the Barbasco target as part of Company's 9,000 metre regional exploration drilling campaign. The program is focused on the high priority Barbasco and Puente-Princesa targets. Initial results are expected in the third quarter of 2021.

NON-IFRS MEASURES

This MD&A refers to certain financial measures, such as average realized gold price, cash operating cost per oz. and all-in sustaining cost per oz, which are not recognized under IFRS and do not have a standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS. These measures may differ from those made by other companies and accordingly may not be comparable to such measures as reported by other companies. These measures have been derived from the Company's financial statements because the Company believes that, with the achievement of commercial production, they are of assistance in the understanding of the results of operations and its financial position.

Average realized gold price per oz sold

Average realized gold price is a metric used to better understand the gold price realized during a period. This is calculated as sales for the period plus treatment and refining charges less silver sales divided by gold oz sold.

	Thi	Three months ended March 31,					
		2021		2020			
Sales recognized in:							
Revenues	\$	139,991	\$	36,856			
Property, plant and equipment		-		52,409			
Treatment and refining charges		6,834		4,410			
Less: silver revenues		(2,408)		(910			
Gold sales	\$	144,417	\$	92,765			
Gold oz sold		81,805		59,317			
Average realized gold price	\$	1,765	\$	1,564			



Management's Discussion and Analysis

Three Months Ended March 31, 2021

(All dollar amounts are stated in U.S. dollars unless otherwise indicated. Tables are expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share amounts)

Adjusted Earnings and adjusted basic earning per share

Adjusted earnings and adjusted basic earnings per share can be used to measure and may assist in evaluating operating earning trends in comparison with results from prior periods by excluding specific items that are significant, but not reflective of the underlying operating activities of the Company. Presently, these include costs incurred during the suspension of operations in 2020 and derivative gains or losses, and related income tax effects, from accounting for the gold prepay and stream facilities at fair value. Adjusted basic earnings per share is calculated using the weighted average number of shares outstanding under the basic method of earnings per share as determined under IFRS.

	Three months ended March 31,				
	2021		2020		
Net income (loss) for the period	\$ 85,980	\$	(9,331)		
Adjusted for:					
Suspension of operations	-		3,363		
Derivative loss (gain)	(51,523)		2,569		
Deferred income tax expense	2,952		-		
Adjusted earnings (loss)	\$ 37,409	\$	(3,399)		
Basic weighted average shares outstanding	230,751,034		224,244,554		
Adjusted basic earnings (loss) per share	\$ 0.16	\$	(0.02)		

Cash operating cost per oz

Cash operating cost per oz sold, combined with revenues, can be used to evaluate the Company's performance and ability to generate operating income and cash flow from operating activities. Cash operating costs include operating expenses and royalty expenses from March 1, 2020 after the achievement of commercial production.

	Three months ended March 3			
		2021		2020
Operating expenses	\$	46,818	\$	18,121
Royalty expenses		8,156		2,107
Cash operating costs	\$	54,974	\$	20,228
Gold oz sold recognized in statement of income (loss)		81,805		24,109
Cash operating cost per oz sold	\$	672	\$	839

All-in sustaining cost

AISC provides information on the total cost associated with producing gold since March 1, 2020 and has been calculated on a basis consistent with historic news releases by the Company.

The Company calculates AISC as the sum of total cash operating costs (as described above), corporate social responsibility costs, treatment and refining charges, accretion of restoration provision, and sustaining capital, less silver revenue, all divided by the gold ounces sold to arrive at a per oz amount.

Other companies may calculate this measure differently as a result of differences in underlying principles and policies applied.



Management's Discussion and Analysis

Three Months Ended March 31, 2021

(All dollar amounts are stated in U.S. dollars unless otherwise indicated. Tables are expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share amounts)

	Three months ended March 31,				
		2021		2020	
Cash operating costs	\$	54,974	\$	20,228	
Corporate social responsibility		292		324	
Treatment and refining charges		6,834		1,645	
Accretion of restoration provision		27		10	
Sustaining capital		8,197		-	
Less: silver revenues		(2,408)		(304)	
All-in sustaining cost	\$	67,916	\$	21,903	
Gold oz sold recognized in statement of income (loss)		81,805		24,109	
All-in sustaining cost per oz sold	\$	830	\$	908	

Operating cash flow per share

Operating cash flow per share can be used to evaluate the Company's ability to generate cash flow from operations. The Company calculates operating cash flow per share as net cash provided by or used for operating activities divided by its basic weighted-average number of common shares outstanding.

	Three months ended March 31,			
	2021		2020	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 75,083	\$	13,836	
Basic weighted average shares outstanding	230,751,034		224,244,554	
Operating cash flow per share	\$ 0.33	\$	0.06	

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

The adoption of certain accounting policies requires the Company to make estimates that affect both the amount and timing of the recording of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. Some of these estimates require judgments about matters that are inherently uncertain. For a complete discussion of accounting estimates deemed most crucial by the Company, refer to the Company's annual 2020 Management's Discussion and Analysis.

RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

Natural resources exploration, development and operation involves a number of risks and uncertainties, many of which are beyond the Company's control, such as some of the risks relating to the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic virus outbreak. These risks and uncertainties include, without limitation, the risks discussed elsewhere in this MD&A and those set out in the Company's Annual Information Form dated March 2, 2021 (the "AIF"), which is available on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

QUALIFIED PERSON

The technical information relating to the Fruta del Norte Project contained in this MD&A has been reviewed and approved by Ron Hochstein P. Eng, Lundin Gold's President & CEO who is a Qualified Person under NI 43-101. The disclosure of exploration information contained in this MD&A was prepared by Stephen Leary, MAusIMM CP(Geo), a consultant to the Company, who is a Qualified Person in accordance with the requirements of NI 43-101.



Management's Discussion and Analysis Three Months Ended March 31, 2021

(All dollar amounts are stated in U.S. dollars unless otherwise indicated. Tables are expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share amounts)

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The report for the six months ended June 30, 2021 is expected to be published on or about August 11, 2021.

DISCLOSURE CONTROLS AND INTERNAL CONTROLS OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

Disclosure controls and procedures

Management, including the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer, are responsible for the design of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures in order to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by the Company in its annual filings, interim filings or other reports filed or submitted by it under securities legislation is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the securities legislation.

Internal controls over financial reporting

Management is also responsible for the design of the Company's internal control over financial reporting in order to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with IFRS.

Because of their inherent limitations, internal controls over financial reporting can provide only reasonable assurance and may not prevent or detect misstatements. Furthermore, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

As required under Multilateral Instrument 52-109, management advises that there have been no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the most recent interim period, beginning January 1, 2021 and ending March 31, 2021, that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain of the information and statements in this MD&A are considered "forward-looking information" or "forward-looking statements" as those terms are defined under Canadian securities laws (collectively referred to as "forward-looking statements"). Any statements that express or involve discussions with respect to predictions, expectations, beliefs, plans, projections, objectives, assumptions or future events or performance (often, but not always, identified by words or phrases such as "believes", "anticipates", "expects", "is expected", "scheduled", "estimates", "pending", "intends", "plans", "forecasts", "targets", or "hopes", or variations of such words and phrases or statements that certain actions, events or results "may", "could", "wolld", "will", "should" "might", "will be taken", or "occur" and similar expressions) are not statements of historical fact and may be forward-looking statements.

By their nature, forward-looking statements and information involve assumptions, inherent risks and uncertainties, many of which are difficult to predict, and are usually beyond the control of management, that could cause actual results to be materially different from those expressed by these forward-looking statements and information. Lundin Gold believes that the expectations reflected in this forward-looking information are reasonable, but no assurance can be given that these expectations will prove to be correct. Forward-looking information should not be unduly relied upon. This information speaks only as of the date of this MD&A, and the Company will not necessarily update this information, unless required to do so by securities laws.

This MD&A contains forward-looking information in a number of places, such as in statements pertaining to the Company's efforts to protect its workforce from COVID-19, its 2021 production outlook, including estimates of gold production, grades and recoveries, expected sales receipts, cash flow forecasts and financing obligations, its capital costs and the expected timing of completion of capital projects including the south ventilation raise, the Company's bridge over the Zamora River and the throughput expansion project, the timing and the success of its drill program at Fruta del Norte and its other exploration activities, the completion of construction and the Company's efforts to protect its workforce from COVID-19.



Management's Discussion and Analysis Three Months Ended March 31, 2021

(All dollar amounts are stated in U.S. dollars unless otherwise indicated. Tables are expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share amounts)

Lundin Gold's actual results could differ materially from those anticipated. Management has identified the following risk factors which could have a material impact on the Company or the trading price of its shares: risks relating to the impacts of a pandemic virus outbreak; risks associated with the Company's community relationships; risks related to financing requirements; failure by the Company to maintain its obligations under its credit facilities; operating risks; risks associated with the ramp up of mining operations; risks related to political and economic instability in Ecuador; risks related to production estimates; risks related to Lundin Gold's compliance with environmental laws and liability for environmental contamination; volatility in the price of gold; shortages of critical supplies; lack of availability of infrastructure; deficient or vulnerable title to mining concessions; easements and surface rights; risks related to the Company's workforce and its labour relations; inherent safety hazards and risk to the health and safety of the Company's employees and contractors; risks related to the Company's ability to obtain, maintain or renew regulatory approvals, permits and licenses; the imprecision of mineral reserve and resource estimates; key talent recruitment and retention of key personnel; volatility in the market price of the Company's shares; the potential influence of the Company's largest shareholders; uncertainty with the tax regime in Ecuador; measures to protect endangered species and critical habitats; the cost of non-compliance and compliance costs; exploration and development risks; the Company's reliance on one project; risks related to illegal mining; the reliance of the Company on its information systems and the risk of cyber-attacks on those systems; the adequacy of the Company's insurance; uncertainty as to reclamation and decommissioning; the ability of Lundin Gold to ensure compliance with anti-bribery and anti-corruption laws; the uncertainty regarding risks posed by climate change; the potential for litigation; limits of disclosure and internal controls; security risks to the Company; its assets and its personnel; conflicts of interest; the risk that the Company will not declare dividends; and social media and the Company's reputation.

There can be no assurance that such statements will prove to be accurate, as Lundin Gold's actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in this forward-looking information as a result of the factors discussed under the heading "Risk Factors" in the AIF available at www.sedar.com.



Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Financial Position (Unaudited – Prepared by Management) (Expressed in thousands of U.S. Dollars)

	Note	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 94,358	\$ 79,592
Trade receivables and other current assets	3	121,156	136,497
Inventories	4	74,221	59,910
Advance royalty		17,943	13,000
		307,678	288,999
Non-current assets			
VAT recoverable and other long-term assets		72,403	71,655
Advance royalty		34,135	41,461
Property, plant and equipment	5	863,259	872,148
Mineral properties	6	225,240	231,097
		\$ 1,502,715	\$ 1,505,360
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		\$ 49,180	\$ 53,821
Current portion of long-term debt	7	200,927	178,575
		250,107	232,396
Non-current liabilities			
Long-term debt	7	575,954	678,519
Other non-current liabilities	9	1,415	1,631
Reclamation provisions		5,983	5,956
		833,459	918,502
EQUITY		•	·
Share capital	8	959,952	951,725
Equity-settled share-based payment reserve	9	12,659	14,732
Accumulated other comprehensive income	3	12,775	22,511
Deficit Deficit		(316,130)	(402,110)
		669,256	586,858
		\$ 1,502,715	\$ 1,505,360

Commitments (Note 18)

_							
Α	pprove	ed by	the	Board	ot	Direc	tors

/s/ Ron F. Hochstein

Ron F. Hochstein

/s/ Ian W. Gibbs

Ian W. Gibbs

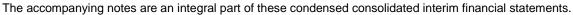
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.



Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Income (Loss) and Comprehensive Income (Loss) (Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

(Expressed in thousands of U.S. Dollars, except share and per share amounts)

		Three months ended			
			Marc	:h 3	1,
	Note		2021		2020
Revenues	5(b)	\$	139,991	\$	36,856
Cost of goods sold					
Operating expenses			46,818		18,121
Royalty expenses			8,156		2,107
Depletion and depreciation			20,986		6,292
			75,960		26,520
Income from mining operations			64,031		10,336
Other expenses (income)					
Corporate administration	10		4,751		8,962
Exploration			1,223		1,095
Suspension of operations	1, 11		-		3,363
Finance expense	12		12,078		4,686
Other expense (income)	_		600		(1,008)
Derivative loss (gain)	7		(51,523)		2,569
			(32,871)		19,667
Net income (loss) before tax			96,902		(9,331)
Income tax expense					
Current income tax expense	14		7,970		-
Deferred income tax expense	14		2,952		-
			10,922		-
Net income (loss) for the period		\$	85,980	\$	(9,331)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)					
Items that may be reclassified to net income (loss)					
Currency translation adjustment			728		(5,132)
Items that will not be reclassified to net income (loss) Derivative gain (loss) related to the Company's own credit risk	7		(13,416)		79,690
Deferred income tax on accumulated other comprehensive income	14		2,952		_
	14				<u> </u>
Comprehensive income		\$	76,244	\$	65,227
Income (loss) per common share					
Basic		\$	0.37	\$	(0.04)
Diluted		*	0.37	,	(0.04)
Weighted-average number of common shares					
Basic			30,751,034		224,244,554
Diluted		2	33,634,540		224,244,554





Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Changes in Equity

(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)
(Expressed in thousands of U.S. Dollars, except number of common shares)

				Equity-settled			
		Number of		share-based			
		common	Share	payment	Other		
	Note	shares	capital	reserve	reserves	Deficit	Total
Balance, January 1, 2020		223,631,212	\$ 899,903	\$ 14,118	\$ (92,247)	\$ (354,952)	\$ 466,822
Exercise of stock options		792,950	3,861	(1,368)	-	-	2,493
Stock-based compensation	9	-	-	668		-	668
Other comprehensive income		-	-	-	74,558	-	74,558
Net loss for the period		-	-	-	-	(9,331)	(9,331)
Balance, March 31, 2020		224,424,162	\$ 903,764	\$ 13,418	\$ (17,689)	\$ (364,283)	\$ 535,210
Balance, January 1, 2021		230,088,337	\$ 951,725	\$ 14,732	\$ 22,511	\$ (402,110)	\$ 586,858
Exercise of stock options		1,485,850	7,668	(2,474)	-	-	5,194
Vesting of share units	9	31,500	318	(318)	-	-	-
Exercise of anti-dilution rights	8	29,858	241	-	-	-	241
Stock-based compensation	9	, -	_	719	_	-	719
Other comprehensive loss		-	-	-	(9,736)	-	(9,736)
Net income for the period		-	-	-	-	85,980	85,980
Balance, March 31, 2021		231,635,545	\$ 959,952	\$ 12,659	\$ 12,775	\$ (316,130)	\$ 669,256



Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited – Prepared by Management) (Expressed in thousands of U.S. Dollars)

		Three months e		
	Note		March 31, 2021	2020
OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Net income (loss) for the period		\$	85,980 \$	(9,331)
Items not affecting cash: Depletion and depreciation			20.005	6 5 4 2
Stock-based compensation			20,995 485	6,543 1,915
Derivative loss (gain)			(51,523)	2,569
Unrealized foreign exchange loss (gain)			552	(1,222)
Finance expense	12		11,939	4,686
Deferred income tax expense	14		2,952	<u> </u>
			71,380	5,160
Changes in non-cash working capital items: Trade receivables and other current assets			12 200	(27.046)
Inventories	4		13,399 (8,162)	(27,846) 2,780
Advance royalty	4		2,383	2,760 1,826
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities			(3,980)	31,685
Interest received			63	231
Net cash provided by operating activities			75,083	13,836
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Repayments of long-term debt	7		(34,311)	(638)
Interest paid	7		(17,846)	(6,521)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options			5,194	2,493
Proceeds from exercise of anti-dilution rights	8		241	
Net cash used for financing activities			(46,722)	(4,666)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Acquisition and development of property, plant and				
equipment, net of sales			(12,909)	(19,530)
Change in VAT receivable and other long-term assets			(748)	(4,875)
Net cash used for investing activities			(13,657)	(24,405)
Effect of foreign exchange rate differences on cash			62	(2,982)
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents			14,766	(18,217)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period			79,592	75,684
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period		\$	94,358 \$	57,467

Supplemental cash flow information (Note 15)



Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements as at March 31, 2021 (Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

(Expressed in U.S. Dollars unless otherwise noted. Tables are expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share amounts)

1. Nature of operations

Lundin Gold Inc. together with its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "Lundin Gold" or the "Company") is focused on its Fruta del Norte gold operation and developing its portfolio of mineral concessions in Ecuador.

The common shares of the Company are listed for trading on the Toronto Stock Exchange (the "TSX") and Nasdaq Stockholm under the symbol "LUG". The Company was originally incorporated in British Columbia and continued under the Canada Business Corporations Act in 2002.

The Company's head office is located at Suite 2000, 885 W. Georgia Street, Vancouver, BC, and it has a corporate office in Quito, Ecuador.

The Company substantially completed the development of Fruta del Norte and achieved commercial production in February 2020. During the second quarter of 2020, while its activities were temporarily suspended, it implemented necessary health and safety protocols to minimize the risks due to the COVID-19 pandemic and since then, it has been operating in accordance with plans and generating positive cash flow. However, the continued operations at Fruta del Norte are dependent on the extent to which the COVID-19 pandemic is being controlled, consequential actions by local, provincial, and national governments, and the effectiveness of the international supply chain and personnel travel. Therefore, the Company cannot be certain that an escalation of the COVID-19 pandemic would not have an impact on operations or on the Company's financial position in the future. The Company's continuing operations and the underlying value and recoverability of the amount shown for the mineral interests and property, plant and equipment are ultimately dependent upon the ability of the Company to operate the mine without extended interruptions and on future profitable production.

2. Basis of preparation and consolidation

These unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements, including comparatives, have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), as issued by the International Accounting Standard Board ("IASB"), applicable to the preparation of interim financial statements, including International Accounting Standard 34, Interim Financial Reporting. As a result, they do not conform in all respects with the disclosure requirements for annual financial statements under IFRS and should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020.

These unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements are presented in U.S. dollars.

In preparing these unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements, the Company applied the same accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty as those that were applied to the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020.

These financial statements were approved for issue by the Board of Directors on May 12, 2021.



Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements as at March 31, 2021 (Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

(Expressed in U.S. Dollars unless otherwise noted. Tables are expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share amounts)

3. Trade receivables and other current assets

		December 31, 2020		
Trade receivables (a)	\$	80,663	\$	93,023
VAT recoverable (b) Prepaid expenses and deposits		16,696 20,093		16,711 23,059
Deferred transaction costs (c)		3,704		3,704
	\$	121,156	\$	136,497

- (a) Trade receivables represent the value of concentrate sold as at period end for which the funds are not yet received. Consistent with industry standards, these sales generally have relatively long payment terms and are not settled until two to four months after export. There is no recorded allowance for credit losses. In determining the recoverability of trade receivables, the Company considers any change in the credit quality of the counterparty, with the concentration of the credit risk limited due to the nature of the counterparties involved and a history of no credit losses.
- (b) VAT paid in Ecuador by the Company after January 1, 2018 will be refunded or applied, based on the level of export sales in any given month, as a credit against other taxes payable. As the Company is generating sales, a portion of the VAT recoverable has been reclassified as current assets.
- (c) Deferred transaction costs include upfront and advisory fees incurred to secure the cost overrun facility (the "COF"). These costs will be reclassified to long-term debt on a pro-rata basis should the Company utilize the COF. Should the COF expire without being utilized, these costs will be expensed directly to the Company's condensed consolidated statement of income (loss).

4. Inventories

	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Ore stockpile	\$ 5,015	\$ 1,979
Gold in circuit	11,568	3,320
Doré and concentrate	16,568	13,786
Materials and supplies	 41,070	40,825
	\$ 74,221	\$ 59,910



Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements as at March 31, 2021 (Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

(Expressed in U.S. Dollars unless otherwise noted. Tables are expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share amounts)

5. Property, plant and equipment

Cost	nstruction- n-progress	Mine and plant facilities	Machinery and equipment	k		Furniture and office equipment	Total
Balance, January 1, 2020	\$ 867,227	\$ 4,715	\$ 44,670	\$	19,897	\$ 2,501	\$ 939,010
Additions (a) Reclassifications (b) Cumulative translation adjustment	29,360 (890,488)	841,073 230	10,211		2,121	138 - 2	41,830 (49,415) 232
Balance, December 31, 2020	6,099	846,018	54,881		22,018	2,641	931,657
Additions (a) Reclassifications (b) Cumulative translation	11,569 (2,579)	2,579	261		410	-	12,240
adjustment	-	139	-		-	1	140
Balance, March 31, 2021	\$ 15,089	\$ 848,736	\$ 55,142	\$	22,428	\$ 2,642	\$ 944,037
Accumulated depletion and depreciation	 nstruction- n-progress	Mine and plant facilities	Machinery and equipment		Vehicles	Furniture and office equipment	Total
Balance, January 1, 2020	\$ -	\$ 513	\$ 6,969	\$	5,465	\$ 1,081	\$ 14,028
Depletion and depreciation Cumulative translation	-	36,200	4,806		3,884	589	45,479
adjustment	-	-	-		-	2	2
Balance, December 31, 2020	-	36,713	11,775		9,349	1,672	59,509
Depletion and depreciation Cumulative translation	-	18,412	1,651		1,064	134	21,261
adjustment	-	7	-		-	1	8
Balance, March 31, 2021	\$ -	\$ 55,132	\$ 13,426	\$	10,413	\$ 1,807	\$ 80,778
Net book value							
As at December 31, 2020	\$ 6,099	\$ 809,305	\$ 43,106	\$	12,669	\$ 969	\$ 872,148
As at March 31, 2021	\$ 15,089	\$ 793,604	\$ 41,716	\$	12,015	\$ 835	\$ 863,259



Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements as at March 31, 2021 (Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

(Expressed in U.S. Dollars unless otherwise noted. Tables are expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share amounts)

5. Property, plant and equipment (continued)

(a) Included in the additions to construction-in-progress are the following:

	March 31, 2021		December 31, 2020		
Depletion and depreciation Capitalized interest and accretion of	\$	-	\$ 1,507		
transaction and derivative costs (Note 7)		-	10,556		
	\$	-	\$ 12,063		

Sales in January and February 2020 totaling \$52.4 million were recognized as a reduction of capitalized Construction-in-Progress costs.

(b) The Company achieved commercial production at Fruta del Norte in February 2020. In making this determination, management considered a number of factors, including completion of substantially all construction development activities in accordance with design and a production ramp up period where mill feed, in terms of tonnes of ore, equalled an average of 70% of mill capacity over a 90 day period. With this achievement and continued handover of assets to operations, substantially all of Construction-in-Progress was either reclassified to Mine and Plant Facilities (\$841 million) or recognized as Opening Inventory as at February 29, 2020 (\$49.4 million), as applicable, and depletion commenced on mine and plant facilities. Effective March 1, 2020, revenues, cost of goods sold, and debt service costs (Note 7 and 12) are recognized in the condensed consolidated statements of income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss). Costs of remaining areas of construction, not essential to operations, continue to be captured as Construction-in-progress and are transferred to Mine and Plant Facilities when the related asset is ready for its intended use.

6. Mineral properties

Cost	Fru	ta del Norte	 ta del Norte ration asset	Total
Balance, January 1, 2020	\$	239,110	\$ 1,555	\$ 240,665
Adjustments to restoration asset Depletion		- (10,673)	1,166 (61)	1,166 (10,734)
Balance, December 31, 2020		228,437	2,660	231,097
Depletion		(5,798)	(59)	(5,857)
Balance, March 31, 2021	\$	222,639	\$ 2,601	\$ 225,240



Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements as at March 31, 2021 (Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

(Expressed in U.S. Dollars unless otherwise noted. Tables are expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share amounts)

7. Long-term debt

		December 31, 2020		
Gold prepay credit facility (a) Stream loan credit facility (b) Offtake derivative liability (c) Senior debt facility (d)		221,561 244,680 26,808 283,831	\$ 248,828 268,471 32,308 307,487	
	\$	776,880	\$ 857,094	
Less: current portion Gold prepay credit facility Stream loan credit facility Offtake derivative liability Senior debt facility		62,911 47,171 4,258 86,586	68,174 50,041 4,488 55,872	
Long-term portion	\$	575,954	\$ 678,519	

The gold prepay credit facility (the "Prepay Loan"), stream loan credit facility (the "Stream Loan"), and the offtake derivative liability are accounted for as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and are comprised of the following as at March 31, 2021.

	Gold prepay credit facility	Stream Ioan credit facility	Offtake derivative liability	Total
Principal	\$ 134,211	\$ 143,317	\$ -	\$ 277,528
Interest accrued and capitalized at				
stated rate of 7.5%	20,642	21,499	-	42,141
Transaction costs	(2,611)	(2,425)	-	(5,036)
Derivative fair value adjustments	69,319	82,289	26,808	178,416
Total	\$ 221,561	\$ 244,680	\$ 26,808	\$ 493,049

Derivative fair value adjustments reflect the revaluation of the financial instruments at fair value as at March 31, 2021, including a portion of the cost of derivatives which are part of the long-term debt. The derivative gain or loss related to the Company's own credit risk recorded in other comprehensive income (loss) includes the impact of the difference between the Company's own credit risk at the time of entering into the long-term debt and the balance sheet date (see also Note 17).

(a) Gold prepay credit facility

The Prepay Loan is a secured loan facility with a stated interest rate of 7.5% per annum with interest accruing based upon the outstanding balance.

The Prepay Loan is amortized quarterly and matures on June 2025. Quarterly payments are equivalent to the value of 9,775 oz. of gold based on the gold spot price at the time of the payment date. The excess of the quarterly repayments over the principal due quarterly and the balance of interest accrued to that date, if any, is a variable additional charge (the "Finance Charge"). If the average gold price in the fiscal quarter prior to repayment date is less than \$1,436 per oz. or less than \$1,062 per oz., repayments will be based on 11,500 oz. or 13,225 oz. of gold, respectively.

During the three months ended March 31, 2021, the Company made principal and interest payments under the Prepay Loan totaling \$7.9 million (three months ended March 31, 2020 – nil) and \$9.1 million (three months ended March 31, 2020 – nil), respectively (see Note 17).



Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements as at March 31, 2021 (Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

(Expressed in U.S. Dollars unless otherwise noted. Tables are expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share amounts)

7. Long-term debt (continued)

The Company has elected to measure the Prepay Loan as a financial liability measured at fair value through profit or loss.

(b) Stream loan credit facility

The Stream Loan is a secured loan facility with a stated interest rate of 7.5% per annum with interest accruing based upon the outstanding balance.

The Stream Loan is repayable in variable monthly instalments equivalent to the value of 7.75% of gold production less \$400 per oz. (the "Gold Base Price") and 100% of the silver production less \$4 per oz. (the "Silver Base Price") upon the start of commercial production at Fruta del Norte, up to a maximum of 350,000 oz. of gold and six million oz. of silver. The Gold Base Price and Silver Base Price will increase by 1% per annum starting on the third anniversary of the commercial production date. The excess of the monthly repayments over the principal due monthly and the balance of interest accrued to that date, if any, will be a Finance Charge.

During the three months ended March 31, 2021, the Company made principal and interest payments under the Stream Loan totaling \$1.9 million (three months ended March 31, 2020 – \$0.5 million) and \$5.1 million (three months ended March 31, 2020 – \$1.0 million), respectively (see Note 17). As at March 31, 2021, based on the projected life of mine production and other significant assumptions (see Note 17), the estimated fair value equivalent to 334,405 oz. of gold and 5,608,273 oz. of silver remains outstanding under the Stream Loan.

The Company has the option to repay (i) 50% of the remaining Stream Loan on June 30, 2024 for \$150 million and / or (ii) the other 50% of the remaining Stream Loan on June 30, 2026 for \$225 million.

The Company has elected to measure the Stream Loan as a financial liability measured at fair value through profit or loss.

(c) Offtake commitment

The lender of the Prepay Loan and Stream Loan has been granted the right to purchase 50% of Fruta del Norte gold production, up to a maximum of 2.5 million oz., at a price determined based on monthly delivery dates and a defined quotational period. This obligation is satisfied first through the sale of doré and then, if required, financial settlement.

The Company has determined that the Offtake represents a derivative financial liability. Accordingly, the Offtake, which is primarily a function of the gold price option feature, is measured at fair value at each statement of financial position date, with changes in the derivative fair value being recorded in profit or loss.

(d) Senior debt facility (the "Facility")

As at March 31, 2021	Tranche A	Tranche B	Total	
Principal Transaction costs, net of amortization	\$ 216,250 (14,092)	\$ 86,500 (4,827)	\$	302,750 (18,919)
Total	\$ 202,158	\$ 81,673	\$	283,831



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(Expressed in U.S. Dollars unless otherwise noted. Tables are expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share amounts)

7. Long-term debt (continued)

The Facility is a senior secured loan comprised of two tranches: a senior commercial facility ("Tranche A") and a senior covered facility under a raw material guarantee ("Tranche B"). The annual interest rate is the three or six-month LIBOR plus an average margin of approximately 5.05% for Tranche A and 2.50% for Tranche B. Tranche A and Tranche B are subject to risk mitigation and guarantee fees of 2.00% and 3.15%, respectively. The Facility is repayable in variable quarterly instalments and matures in June 2026. In addition, accelerated quarterly principal repayments based on 30% of Fruta del Norte's excess cash flow apply after completion date as defined under the Facility ("Completion"). The current portion of long-term debt includes an estimate of additional quarterly principal repayments as a result of reaching Completion in 2021.

During the three months ended March 31, 2021, the Company paid \$24.5 million of principal (three months ended March 31, 2020: nil) and \$3.7 million (three months ended March 31, 2020 – \$5.5 million) of interest relating to the Facility.

(e) Cost overrun facility (the "COF")

On March 29, 2019, the Company entered into a \$75 million COF with a related party of the Company by virtue of its shareholding in the Company in excess of 20%. The COF can only be used to fund a potential cost overrun related to Fruta del Norte until Completion and is currently undrawn.

In accordance with the terms of the COF, the Company issued the related party 300,000 common shares and 300,000 warrants ("Warrants") in lieu of fees. Each Warrant has a term of three years from the date of issue and is exercisable for a common share upon payment of the exercise price of CAD\$5.98. The Company is required to issue an additional 300,000 common shares to the related party as a condition precedent to the first utilization of the COF.

Under the long-term debt, the Company, together with its subsidiaries related to Fruta del Norte (collectively, the "FDN Subsidiaries"), are subject to a number of covenants while amounts remain outstanding. The long-term debt is secured by a charge over the FDN Subsidiaries' assets, pledges of the shares of the FDN Subsidiaries and guarantees of the Company and the FDN Subsidiaries.



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(Expressed in U.S. Dollars unless otherwise noted. Tables are expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share amounts)

8. Share capital

Authorized:

- Unlimited number of common shares without par value
- Unlimited number of preference shares without par value

A continuity summary of the issued and outstanding common shares and the associated dollar amounts is presented below:

	Note	Number of common shares	Share capital
Balance at January 1, 2020		223,631,212	\$ 899,903
Proceeds from equity financing, net	(a)	4,772,500	41,419
Exercise of stock options	,	1,074,650	5,318
Exercise of anti-dilution rights	(b)	609,975	5,085
Balance at December 31, 2020		230,088,337	951,725
Exercise of stock options		1,485,850	7,668
Vesting of share units		31,500	318
Exercise of anti-dilution rights	(b)	29,858	241
Balance at March 31, 2021		231,635,545	\$ 959,952

- (a) On June 11, 2020, the Company closed a bought deal equity financing (the "2020 Bought Deal") by issuing 4,772,500 shares of the Company at a price of CAD\$12.05 per share for gross proceeds of CAD\$57.5 million (\$42.4 million), which included the exercise in full of the over-allotment option of an additional 622,500 shares. Share issue costs of \$1.0 million were paid resulting in net proceeds of \$41.4 million received by the Company in relation to the 2020 Bought Deal.
- (b) During the three months ended March 31, 2021, the Company issued 29,858 common shares to Newcrest Mining Limited ("Newcrest") at a weighted average price of CAD\$10.07 per share for total proceeds of \$0.2 million. During the year ended December 31, 2020, 609,975 common shares were issued at a weighted average price of CAD\$11.55 per share for total proceeds of \$5.1 million. Both issuances were completed in accordance with Newcrest's anti-dilution rights granted as part of its initial investment into the Company.

9. Stock-based compensation and share purchase warrants

(a) Stock-based compensation

The Company has adopted an omnibus incentive plan (the "Omnibus Plan") approved at the June 3, 2019 annual general and special meeting of shareholders which replaces its rolling stock-based compensation plan. The Omnibus Plan allows for the reservation of a maximum 8.5% of the common shares issued and outstanding at any given time for issuance under the Omnibus Plan. Under the Omnibus Plan, the Company may grant stock options, restricted share units and deferred share units (collectively, the "Awards"). Subject to specific provisions under the Omnibus Plan, the eligibility, vesting period, term, and number of Awards are granted at the discretion of the Company's board of directors.

Restricted share units entitle the recipient, upon settlement, to receive common shares or, subject to provisions under the Plan, the cash equivalent or a combination thereof. The Company's board of directors may also grant restricted share units that include performance criteria which vests based on a multiplier ("PSUs").



Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements as at March 31, 2021 (Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

(Expressed in U.S. Dollars unless otherwise noted. Tables are expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share amounts)

9. Stock-based compensation and share purchase warrants (continued)

Deferred share units may only be granted to non-employee directors and are payable after termination of the recipient's service with the Company. Upon settlement, the recipient may receive common shares or, subject to provisions under the Plan, the cash equivalent or a combination thereof.

i. Stock options

Stock options granted and outstanding under a pre-existing stock option plan (the "Option Plan") have an expiry date of five years and vest over a period of two years from date of grant. No additional stock options can be granted under the Option Plan.

During the three months ended March 31, 2021, 752,200 stock options were granted under the Omnibus Plan which have an expiry date of five years and vest over a period of three years from date of grant.

Stock options are exercisable into one common share of the Company at the price specified in the terms of the option agreement.

A continuity summary of the stock options granted and outstanding under the Omnibus Plan and Option Plan is presented below:

	Three mo March	 		Year ended ecember 31, 2020				
		Weighted		Weighted				
		average			average			
	Number of stock options	exercise price (CAD)	Number of stock options		exercise price (CAD)			
Balance, beginning of period	6,226,450	\$ 6.00	6,508,200	\$	4.91			
Granted	752,200	10.42	821,800		12.60			
Cancelled	(21,700)	12.60	(28,900)		12.60			
Exercised ⁽¹⁾	(1,485,850)	4.43	(1,074,650)		4.23			
Balance outstanding, end of period	5,471,100	\$ 7.01	6,226,450	\$	6.00			
Balance exercisable, end of period	4,048,196	\$ 5.73	4,634,800	\$	4.99			

⁽¹⁾ The weighted average share price on the exercise date for the stock options exercised during the three months ended March 31, 2021 and year ended December 31, 2020 were CAD\$10.29 and CAD\$10.19, respectively.

The following table summarizes information concerning outstanding and exercisable options at March 31, 2021:

	Outstanding options			Exe	ercisable optio	ns		
		Weighted	V	Veighted		Weighted		
Range of		average		average		average		Weighted
exercise	Number of	remaining		exercise	Number of	remaining		average
prices	options	contractual		price	options	contractual		exercise
(CAD)	outstanding	life (years)		(CAD)	outstanding	life (years)	pr	ice (CAD)
\$ 4.13 to 5.21	2,062,100	1.48	\$	5.14	2,062,100	1.48	\$	5.14
\$ 5.22 to 10.00	1,885,600	2.60		5.41	1,731,600	2.57		5.42
\$ 10.01 to 12.60	1,523,400	4.40		11.52	254,496	3,90		12.60
								_
	5,471,100	2.68	\$	7.01	4,048,196	2.10	\$	5.73



Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements as at March 31, 2021 (Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

(Expressed in U.S. Dollars unless otherwise noted. Tables are expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share amounts)

9. Stock-based compensation and share purchase warrants (continued)

The fair value based method of accounting was applied to stock options granted to employees, including directors, and non-employees on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following weighted-average assumptions:

	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Risk-free interest rate Expected stock price volatility Expected life Expected dividend yield	0.33% 36.25% 5 years	1.38% 28.28% 5 years
Weighted-average fair value per option granted (CAD)	\$3.34	\$3.46

The equity-settled share-based payment reserve includes the fair value of employee options as measured at grant date and amortized over the period during which the employees become unconditionally entitled to the options.

During the three months ended March 31, 2021, the Company recorded stock-based compensation expense of \$1.8 million (three months ended March 31, 2020 – \$0.7 million).

ii. Share units

Under the Omnibus Plan, the Company has granted restricted share units and deferred share units to eligible employees and non-employee directors as presented below.

	Restricted shar	e units with				
	performance criteria		Restricted sh	Restricted share units		
	Settled in cash Se	ttled in shares	Settled in cash Se	ettled in shares	units	
Balance at January 1, 2020	-	-	-	-	-	
Granted	148,000	_	29,500	34,600	1,639	
Cancelled	-	-	(2,800)	-	-	
Balance at December 31, 2020	148,000	-	26,700	34,600	1,639	
Granted	-	179,400	-	82,200	18,042	
Settled		-	-	(31,500)	<u> </u>	
Balance at March 31, 2021	148,000	179,400	26,700	85,300	19,681	



Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements as at March 31, 2021 (Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

(Expressed in U.S. Dollars unless otherwise noted. Tables are expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share amounts)

9. Stock-based compensation and share purchase warrants (continued)

Restricted share units with performance criteria

During the three months ended March 31, 2021, the Company granted 179,400 restricted share units with performance criteria that are settled in shares ("Share PSUs"). During the year ended December 31, 2020, the Company granted 148,000 restricted share units with performance criteria that are settled in cash ("Cash PSUs"). The Share PSUs and Cash PSUs were granted to eligible employees and vest three years from date of grant subject to continued employment and certain performance conditions being met. The number of Share PSUs and Cash PSUs that vest will be adjusted using a multiplier that is based on total shareholder return by the Company's shares over the three-year period relative to a peer group as defined by the Company's board of directors. Each vested Share PSU entitles the recipient to a payment of one common share while each vested Cash PSU entitles the recipient to a payment of one common share or cash with an equivalent market value, at the recipient's option. If the recipient elects a cash payout, the market value is determined as the volume weighted average trading price of the Company's shares on the TSX for the five trading days immediately preceding the vesting date.

Using Monte Carlo simulation, the fair value of Share PSUs was measured on the date of grant while the fair value of Cash PSUs was measured as at March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020 with the following weighted-average assumptions:

	March 3	December	
	Share PSUs	Cash PSUs	31, 2020
Risk-free interest rate Average expected volatility of the Company and its peer group Expected life Expected dividend yield	0.89% 57.53% 3 years	0.53% 55.03% 1.90 years	0.53% 55.03% 2.40 years
Weighted-average fair value per unit (CAD)	\$11.19	\$9.81	\$10.89

The fair value of Share PSUs measured at grant date are being amortized over the period during which the employees become unconditionally entitled to the Share PSUs. During the three months ended March 31, 2021, the Company recorded stock-based compensation expense of \$0.1 million (three months ended March 31, 2020 – nil) relating to Share PSUs and has recorded a liability of \$1.2 million to recognize the estimated fair value of the Cash PSUs as at March 31, 2021 (2020 – \$1.2 million).

Restricted share units without performance criteria

During the three months ended March 31, 2021, the Company granted 82,200 restricted share units without performance criteria that are settled in shares ("Share RSUs"). During the year ended December 31, 2020, the Company granted 34,600 Share RSUs and 29,500 restricted share units without performance criteria that are settled in cash ("Cash RSUs"). The Share RSUs and Cash RSUs were granted to eligible employees and vest one to three years from date of grant subject to continued employment. Each vested Share RSU entitles the recipient to a payment in shares upon vesting while each vested Cash RSU entitles the recipient to a payment in cash based on the market value of one common share at the end of the three-year period. The market value is determined as the volume weighted average trading price of the Company's shares on the TSX for the five trading days immediately preceding the vesting date.



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(Expressed in U.S. Dollars unless otherwise noted. Tables are expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share amounts)

9. Stock-based compensation and share purchase warrants (continued)

Using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, the fair value of the Share RSUs was measured on the date of grant while the fair value of the Cash RSUs was measured as at March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020 with the following weighted-average assumptions:

	March 3	1, 2021	December 31, 2020		
	Share	Cash	Share	Cash	
	RSUs	RSUs	RSUs	RSUs	
Risk-free interest rate	0.15%	0.23%	0.29%	0.26%	
Expected stock price volatility	58.67%	55.86%	66.62%	52.58%	
Expected life	1.86 years	1.90 years	0.85 years	2.15 years	
Expected dividend yield	-	-	-	-	
Weighted-average fair value per unit (CAD)	\$12.81	\$12.29	\$14.26	\$14.32	

The fair value of Share RSUs measured at grant date are being amortized over the period during which the employees become unconditionally entitled to the Share RSUs. During the three months ended March 31, 2021, the Company recorded stock-based compensation expense of \$0.1 million (three months ended March 31, 2020 – nil) relating to Share RSUs and has recorded a liability of \$0.3 million to recognize the estimated fair value of the Cash RSUs as at March 31, 2021 (2020 – \$0.3 million).

Deferred share units ("DSUs")

During the three months ended March 31, 2021 and year ended December 31, 2020, the Company granted 18,042 DSUs and 1,639 DSUs, respectively, to non-employee directors. The DSUs do not vest until the end of service as a director of the Company. Each vested DSU entitles the recipient to a payment in shares.

During the three months ended March 31, 2021, the Company recorded stock-based compensation expense of \$0.2 million (three months ended March 31, 2020 – nil) relating to DSUs.

(b) Share Purchase Warrants

As at March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, there were 411,441 warrants issued and outstanding. Each warrant has a term of three years from the date of issue and is exercisable for a common share upon payment of the exercise price of CAD\$5.98. The outstanding warrants have a weighted average remaining contractual life of one year.



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10. Administration

	Three months ended March 31,			
		2021		2020
Corporate social responsibility	\$	292	\$	324
Investor relations		46		47
Office and general		513		386
Professional fees		248		656
Regulatory and transfer agent		236		209
Salaries and benefits		2,913		5,078
Stock-based compensation		485		1,915
Training		-		216
Travel		18		131
	\$	4,751	\$	8,962

11. Suspension of operations

	Three months ended March 31,			
	2021		2020	
Salaries and benefits	\$	- \$	1,428	
Other costs		-	1,693	
Depletion and depreciation		-	242	
	\$	- \$	3,363	

Due to growing concerns regarding the spread of COVID-19 in Ecuador and the impacts of increasing efforts by the governments at all levels to slow the spread of COVID-19 during the early part of 2020, the Company temporarily suspended operations at Fruta del Norte on March 22, 2020. Following three months of suspension of operations and the implementation of strict health and safety protocols in response to the COVID-19 pandemic, the Company re-started operations in early July 2020. Costs during this suspension period have been presented separately and are comprised principally of salaries and benefits, maintenance, COVID-19 related costs, and ongoing indirect fixed costs such as insurance and property taxes.

12. Finance expense

	Three months ended March 31,			
	2021		2020	
Interest expense	\$ 8	,962 \$	3,83	
Other finance costs	2	,090	71	
Accretion of transaction costs	1	,089	37	
Interest income		(63)	(23	
	\$ 12	,078 \$	4,68	

With the achievement of commercial production, effective March 1, 2020, debt service costs are recognized in the condensed consolidated statements of income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss) (Note 5(b)).



Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements as at March 31, 2021 (Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

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13. Related party transactions

Key management compensation

Key management includes executive officers and directors of the Company. The compensation paid or payable to key management for employee services during the nine months ended is shown below.

		March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020	
Salaries, bonuses and benefits	;	2,844	\$	4,480
Stock-based compensation		559		1,514
	(3,403	\$	5,994

14. Income taxes

Current income tax expense is generated from net income for tax purposes in Ecuador relating to operations at Fruta del Norte. In addition to corporate income taxes in Ecuador which are levied at a rate of 22%, included in current income tax expense is the portion of profit sharing payable to the Government of Ecuador which is calculated at the rate of 12% of net income for tax purposes. The employee portion of profit sharing, calculated at the rate of 3% of net income for tax purposes, is considered an employment benefit and included in operating costs.

Corporate income taxes payable in Ecuador of \$4.6 million has been fully offset by tax credits available for use by the Company while the Government of Ecuador and employee portions of profit sharing totalling \$3.4 million and \$0.8 million, respectively, has been accrued within accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

Deferred income tax expense relates to the tax associated with the derivative loss in other comprehensive income during the three months ended March 31, 2021.

The rates used in Ecuador differ from the amount that would result from applying the Canadian federal and provincial income tax rates to net loss before tax. These differences result from the following items:

			ns end	ed March 31,
		2021		2020
Net income (loss) before tax	\$	96,902	\$	(9,331)
Canadian federal and provincial income tax rates		27.00%		27.00%
Income tax expense (recovery) based on the above rates		26,164		(2,519)
Increase (decrease) due to:				
Differences in foreign tax rates		4,428		(58)
Non-deductible costs		1,585		1,268
Losses and temporary differences for which an income tax asset has	3			
not been recognized		857		1,309
Benefits of previously unrecognized deferred income tax assets		(22,112)		-
Income tax expense	\$	10,922	\$	-



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15. Supplemental cash flow information

	Three months ended March 31,		
		2021	2020
Change in trade receivables and other current assets related to: Sales recognized as a reduction of property, plant and equipment Change in accounts payable and accrued	\$	- \$	11,900
liabilities related to: Acquisition of property, plant and equipment		(669)	(36,617)

16. Segmented information

Operating segments are components of an entity that engage in business activities from which they incur expenses and whose operating results are regularly reviewed by a chief operating decision maker to make resource allocation decisions and to assess performance. The Chief Executive Officer is responsible for allocating resources and reviewing operating results of each operating segment on a periodic basis.

The Company's primary business activity is the Fruta del Norte operating mine in Ecuador. Materially all of the Company's non-current assets and non-current liabilities relate to Fruta del Norte. In addition, the Company conducts exploration activities and maintains a number of concessions in Ecuador outside of Fruta del Norte.



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16. Segmented information (continued)

The following are summaries of the Company's current and non-current assets, current and non-current liabilities, and net losses by segment:

	Fruta del Norte	Other concessions	Corporate and other	Total
As at March 31, 2021				
Current assets Non-current assets	\$ 258,777 1,195,037	\$ 1,254 -	\$ 47,647 -	\$ 307,678 1,195,037
Total assets	1,453,814	1,254	47,647	1,502,715
Current liabilities Non-current liabilities	249,199 581,937	222	686 1,415	250,107 583,352
Total liabilities	831,136	222	2,101	833,459
For the three months ended March 31, 2021				
Capital expenditures	12,240	-	-	12,240
Revenues	139,991	-	-	139,991
Income from mining operations Corporate administration Exploration expenditures Suspension of operations Finance income (expense) Other expense Derivative gain Income tax expense	64,031 (684) - (12,110) (62) 51,523 (10,922)	(2) (1,223) - - - -	(4,065) - - 32 (538) - -	64,031 (4,751) (1,223) - (12,078) (600) 51,523 (10,922)
Net income (loss) for the period	91,776	(1,225)	(4,571)	85,980



Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements as at March 31, 2021 (Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

(Expressed in U.S. Dollars unless otherwise noted. Tables are expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share amounts)

16. Segmented information (continued)

	Fruta del Norte	Other concessions	Corporate and other	Total
As at March 31, 2020				
Current assets Non-current assets	\$ 159,465 1,199,798	\$ 692	\$ 43,237	\$ 203,394 1,199,798
Total assets	1,359,263	692	43,237	1,403,192
Current liabilities Non-current liabilities	162,617 702,987	807	389 1,182	163,813 704,169
Total liabilities	865,604	807	1,571	867,982
For the three months ended March 31, 2020				
Capital expenditures	5,347	-	-	5,347
Revenues	36,856	-	-	36,856
Income from mining operations Corporate administration Exploration expenditures Other items	10,336 (1,748) - (10,837)	(3) (1,095)	- (7,211) - 1,227	10,336 (8,962) (1,095) (9,610)
Net loss for the period	(2,249)	(1,098)	(5,984)	(9,331)

17. Financial instruments

The Company's financial instruments include cash, cash equivalents and receivables, which are categorized as financial assets at amortized cost, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities, which are categorized as financial liabilities at amortized cost. The fair value of these financial instruments approximates their carrying values due to the short-term nature of these instruments. In addition, the Gold Prepay Loan; Stream Loan; and offtake commitment have been classified as financial liabilities measured at fair value and the senior debt facility as a financial liability at amortized cost.

(a) Fair value measurements and hierarchy

IFRS establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities and the lower priority to unobservable inputs. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the reporting entity has the ability to access at the measurement date.
- Level 2: Inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.
- Level 3: Prices or valuation techniques that require inputs that are both significant to the fair value measurement and unobservable.



Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements as at March 31, 2021 (Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

(Expressed in U.S. Dollars unless otherwise noted. Tables are expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share amounts)

17. Financial instruments (continued)

(b) Fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)

The following table sets forth the Company's financial liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis by level within the fair value hierarchy for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and year ended December 31, 2020. Each of these financial instruments are classified as Level 3 as their valuation includes significant unobservable inputs.

		Gold prepay credit facility		Stream Ioan credit facility		Offtake derivative liability		Total
Balance, December 31, 2019	\$	234,917	\$	290,124	\$	26,856	\$	551,897
Principal paid		(7,895)		(4,767)		-		(12,662)
Interest paid		(10,433)		(13,185)		-		(23,618)
Interest accrued at stated rate of 7.5%		11,387		11,302		-		22,689
Accretion of transaction costs		614		191		-		805
Derivative fair value adjustments recogn	nize	d in:						
Property, plant and equipment		735		866		_		1.601
Derivative loss		59.961		71,571		5,452		136,984
Other comprehensive loss		(40,458)		(87,631)		-, -		(128,089)
Change in derivative fair values		20,238		(15,194)		5,452		10,496
Balance, December 31, 2020	\$	248,828	\$	268,471	\$	32,308	\$	549,607
Principal paid		(7,895)		(1,916)		-		(9,811)
Interest paid		(9,085)		(5,064)		-		(14,149)
Interest accrued at stated rate of 7.5%		2,613		2,696		-		5,309
Accretion of transaction costs		153		47		-		200
Derivative fair value adjustments recogn	nize	d in:						
Derivative gain	_	(18,349)		(27,674)		(5,500)		(51,523)
Other comprehensive income		5,296		8,120		-		13,416
Change in derivative fair values		(13,053)		(19,554)		(5,500)		(38,107)
Polongo March 21, 2021	\$	221 564	\$	244 690	Ф.	26 909	\$	402.040
Balance, March 31, 2021	Φ	221,561	Φ	244,680	\$	26,808	Ф	493,049

(c) Significant assumptions in valuation and relationship to fair value

The financial liabilities above were valued using Monte Carlo simulation valuation models. The significant assumptions used in the Monte Carlo valuation models include: the gold forward prices, gold price volatility, the risk-free rate of return, risk-adjusted discount rates, and the projected life of mine production schedule. In addition, in valuing the Stream Loan, the silver forward prices, silver price volatility, and the gold/silver price correlation were also used.



Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements as at March 31, 2021 (Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

(Expressed in U.S. Dollars unless otherwise noted. Tables are expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share amounts)

17. Financial instruments (continued)

As the gold price and silver price volatilities and risk-adjusted discount rates are unobservable inputs, the financial liabilities above are classified within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. The following table summarizes the quantitative information about the significant unobservable inputs used in Level 3 fair value measurements.

	Fair value at March 31, 2021	Unobservable inputs	Range of inputs	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value
Long-term debt \$	493,049	Expected volatility	14% to 39%	An increase or decrease in expected volatility of 5% would increase or decrease fair value by \$5.7 million or \$7.0 million, respectively
		Risk-adjusted discount rate	12% to 15%	An increase or decrease in risk- adjusted discount rate of 1% would decrease or increase fair value by \$14.2 million or \$14.8 million, respectively

(d) Valuation processes

The valuation of financial instruments classified as Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy were prepared by an independent valuation specialist under the direct oversight of the Vice President, Finance ("VP Finance") of the Company. Discussions of valuation processes and results are held between the VP Finance, the Chief Financial Officer, and reported to the audit committee at least once every three months, in line with the Company's quarterly reporting periods.

18. Commitments

Significant capital expenditures contracted as at March 31, 2021 but not recognized as liabilities are as follows:

	Capital Expenditures
12 months ending March 31, 2022 April 1, 2022 onward	\$ 14,891 -
Total	\$ 14,891



Corporate Information

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Lukas H. Lundin, Chairman Geneva, Switzerland Carmel Daniele London, United Kingdom Ian Gibbs Vancouver, Canada Chantal Gosselin Vancouver, Canada Ashley Heppenstall London, United Kingdom Ron F. Hochstein Vancouver, Canada Craig Jones Queensland, Australia Paul McRae Algarve, Portugal **Bob Thiele** Queensland, Australia Istvan Zollei New York City, United States

OFFICERS

Ron F. Hochstein President & Chief Executive Officer Alessandro Bitelli Executive Vice President & Chief Financial Officer Sheila Colman Vice President, Legal & Corporate Secretary David Dicaire Vice President, Projects and General Manager Nathan Monash Vice President, Business Sustainability Iliana Rodriguez Vice President, Human Resources Chester See Vice President, Finance

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COMMUNITY OFFICE

Calle 1ro de Mayo y 12 de Febrero, esquina Los Encuentros, Zamora-Chinchipe, Ecuador

STOCK EXCHANGE LISTINGS

The Toronto Stock Exchange Trading Symbol: LUG Nasdaq Stockholm Trading Symbol: LUG

SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER AGENT

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AUDITOR

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ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

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